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3	SANTA FE COUNTY
4	<b>Ordinance No. 2000 - 13</b>
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8 9 10 11 12	AN ORDINANCE AMENDING ARTICLE XIV, TRADITIONAL AND CONTEMPORARY COMMUNITY ZONING DISTRICTS, OF THE SANTA FE COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE TO ADD A NEW SECTION 3, <u>TESUQUE</u> <u>COMMUNITY ZONING DISTRICT</u>
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14 15 16 17 18 19	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF SANTA FE COUNTY THAT THE SANTA FE COUNTY LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, ARTICLE XIV, TRADITIONAL AND CONTEMPORARY COMMUNITY ZONING DISTRICTS, IS AMENDED TO ADD A NEW SECTION 3 AS FOLLOWS: Section 3 – <u>TESUQUE COMMUNITY ZONING DISTRICT</u>
20	3.1 Location of District and Boundaries
21 22 23	3.1.1 The Tesuque Community Zoning District consists of all lands lying within the Tesuque Traditional Historic Community boundary as designated by County Ordinance 1998 - 6, as depicted on Map RTZ 1, attached.
24	3.1.2 The following maps are hereby adopted and incorporated into this Section:
25	a. Tesuque Community Zoning, Map RTZ 1
26	b. Tesuque Scenic Corridor, Map RT 5
27 28	3.2 <u>Intent of the Rio Tesuque Land Use Plan and Tesuque Community Zoning</u> <u>District</u>
29 30 31 32 33 34	3.2.1 The standards and regulations set forth for this District are intended to implement the purposes, intent, planned land use goals and strategies of the Rio Tesuque Comprehensive Land Use Plan, Resolution 2000 - 165, adopted and approved by the Board of County Commissioners on December 12, 2000 pursuant to the Community Planning Process set forth in Article XIII of the Code. This Plan and the District standards may be amended from time to time.
35	3.2.2 Purpose and Intent

- 1 Village residents desire to maintain and preserve the rural character of the Rio Tesuque 2 community.
- 3 To preserve, protect and conserve the following natural resources: open space, greenbelts, 4 ground and surface water, wetlands, riparian areas, flora and fauna, and, particularly, the 5 Tesuque River and its watershed.
- 6 To preserve and protect and maintain the following cultural resources: acequia systems, 7 archeological sites, historic structures, historical agricultural elements, historic trails and 8 the traditions associated with each of the cultural groups composing its population.
- 9 To manage traffic on local roads in a manner that addresses both traffic quantity, impact 10 and noise levels and to consider pedestrian, equestrian, and bicyclist safety during all 11 traffic management decision making.
- All development must occur in a manner that supports: the rural character of the village, erosion control, open space preservation, natural resources conservation, "view-scape" management, and regional watershed protection. Growth must be environmentally sensitive and balanced with individual rights, collective community well being and the ecological system that surrounds us.
- All future commercial development should be designed to address the expressed needs ofthe local community.
- Land adjacent to the Historic Community boundaries and development efforts on adjacent land have consequences for Tesuque and the Rio Tesuque watershed. The community will monitor activities on neighboring land and form collaborative partnerships with other groups concerned with managing the ecological relationship shared by the watershed and the communities and land therein.
- To establish and promote a formal process through which the residents of Tesuque may fully participate in the planning and development review processes.
- 26 3.3 <u>Performance Standards for Rural Character</u>

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- 3.3.1 The following standards shall apply to new development in Tesuque and shall be
  interpreted in conformance with the Rio Tesuque Comprehensive Land Use Plan:
  - a. Open spaces set aside for density transfers or other easements for protection of river, arroyos or trail corridors shall interconnect to such sites or potential sites on adjacent properties, as practicable.
    - b. Density transfers shall be used to protect agricultural lands and acequias.
    - c. When density transfers or affordable housing result in higher site densities, such clusters shall be designed to fit the land features and Tesuque Village character, not in an urban grid pattern.
  - d. Developments shall design narrow roads and driveways that follow the natural terrain without creating large cut and fill areas; roads shall be designed with more natural edges, using shoulders, ditches and grassy swales rather than curb and gutter.
  - e. Identified wildlife corridors shall be avoided.
- 41f.Native vegetation shall be preserved on development sites and local42native plants used for landscape buffers and screening.

1 2 3 4 5		g. Preserving clean air and water are community priorities. The Code Administrator shall be authorized to develop criteria and standards with respect to air and water quality, including without limitation, determining the efficacy of alternative liquid waste disposal systems and other ground water protection practices.
6 7 8		h. Noise and lighting standards shall be strictly enforced. All outdoor lights shall be shielded pursuant to the standards of Article III, Section 4.4.4 of the Code.
9 10		i. Maximum lot coverage for development shall be twenty percent (20%), calculated as follows:
11 12 13		i. Residential uses: Lot Coverage means the percentage of total lot area which may be covered by the total roofed area of principal and accessory structures.
14 15 16		ii. Non-residential uses. Lot Coverage means the percentage of total lot area which may be covered by roof area of all structures and parking areas and driveways.
17 18 19 20 21		iii. Whenever density transfers are used to create open space which is protected in perpetuity by easement or other legal means, lot coverage shall be calculated based on the total acreage of the project rather than for each individual development lot and shall be apportioned to the density transfer lots by means of building envelopes on the approved final plat.
22		j. Parking lots shall be located and constructed
23 24 25		• So that the view of commercial lots are effectively shielded from residential neighboring lands; shielding may consist of a landscaped buffer, wall or berm;
26 27 28		• to the side or rear of buildings unless the LDRC determines that alternative siting more effectively protects the rural character of the area;
29		• with gravel surfacing except as required to meet ADA standards.
30	3.4	Residential Uses
31	3.4.1	Traditional Village Zone
32 33		a. Minimum Lot Size is one (1) acre and only one dwelling unit shall be permitted per acre.
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42		b. Two dwelling units may be located on a lot of 1.5 acres or larger if advanced liquid waste systems with backup vault holding tanks are installed to serve the dwellings. Such systems must be designed by a New Mexico Professional Engineer with experience in liquid waste system design. These systems must treat effluent to tertiary standards prior to discharge. Disinfection and filtration are required. The systems shall be designed so that the effluent's total nitrogen shall not exceed 10 milligrams per liter, fecal coliform shall not exceed 100 colony forming units per 100 milliliters, and chemical oxygen demand shall not exceed 25 milligrams per liter. (Constructed wetlands are prohibited.)
43 44		c. The minimum lot size shall not be adjusted down when community water and sewer systems are provided except:

1 2		1) where density transfers are used to protect sensitive lands or preserve open space or agricultural lands and gross density is maintained; or
3 4		2) where affordable housing on community water and sewer systems and meeting County standards is provided.
5	3.4.2	Tesuque Basin Fringe Zone
6 7		a. Lot Size Requirements of Art. III, Section 10 for Basin Fringe Zone shall apply.
8 9		b. The minimum lot size shall not be adjusted down when community water and sewer systems are provided except:
10 11		1) where density transfers are used to protect sensitive lands or preserve open space or agricultural lands and gross density is maintained; or
12 13		2) where affordable housing on community water and sewer systems and meeting County standards is provided.
14	3.4.3	Family Transfers
15 16 17		Because local families are one of the great community resources of the Tesuque Traditional Historic Community, lots created by inheritance or family transfer are allowed and shall meet the requirements of Article II, Section 4 of the Code.
18	3.5	Commercial Uses
19	3.5.1	Lot Size
20		a. Minimum Lot Size is <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> acre
21		b. Maximum Lot Size is 1.5 acres
22 23 24 25 26		c. The Code Administrator shall determine whether a conventional liquid waste treatment system is adequate for a proposed commercial use and/or lot or whether the use of advanced liquid waste treatment is required. Commercial uses producing waste water of 2000 g.p.d. or more must hook up to a community sewer system.
27	3.5.2	Performance standards
28 29		ercial uses must meet all Rural Character Performance Guidelines set forth in n 3.3.1 above.
30 31	3.5.3 Uses.	Resort uses shall be governed by Article III, Section 6, Large Scale Residential
32 33 34 35 36 37 38	the int Comm maxim Other	The proposed location for neighborhood scale commercial activity at the village is within a five hundred foot (500') radius from a point on CR 73 midway between rersections of CR73/CR73A and CR73/Griego Road. See Map RTZ 1 Tesuque unity Zoning Map. The total area eligible for rezoning will be up to 20 acres num; the shape and extent will be based on boundaries of parcels which are zoned. locations for non-residential uses may be proposed as long as the standards of this in 3.5 and Section 3.3 are met.
39	3.6	Home Occupations
40 41		Home occupations meeting the minimum standards of Article III, Section 3 of the are allowed within the Tesuque Community Zoning District.

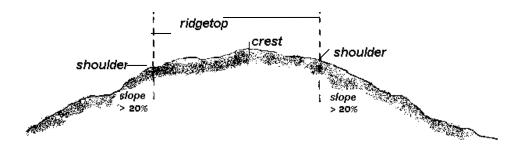
1	3.6.2	Arts and crafts may be sold as part of a home occupation provided:
2		a. all products to be sold are manufactured on site by the resident; and
3 4		b. no more than two (2) employees other than the resident shall be regularly engaged in work at the site of the home occupation.
5	3.7	Non-conforming Legal Uses
6 7	3.7.1 this Co	Non-conforming legal land uses and lots shall meet the standards of Article II of ode.
8 9 10	Count	Non-conforming legal uses which have previously been expanded under the y Land Development Code or the Santa Fe Extraterritorial Zoning Ordinance shall allowed further expansion based on adoption of this Ordinance.
11	3.8	Terrain Management
12 13 14	planni	rrain management standards of Article VII, Environmental Requirements and site ng standards of Article III shall apply except where alternative or more restrictive rds are set forth below.
15	3.8.1	Protection of River corridors and acequias
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		a. Except as provided below, development shall be set back a minimum of fifty feet (50') from the natural edge of the Little Tesuque and the Big Tesuque rivers. A minimum of twenty-five feet (25') set back is required from the natural edge of other streams, waterways, drainage ways or arroyos that may convey a discharge ("Q") of one hundred cubic feet per second (100 cfs) or more, generated by a design storm (100 year recurrence, 24 hour duration); the required setback may be increased if the Code Administrator determines that a clear hazard exists pursuant to the procedures set forth in Art. VII, Section 3.4.
24 25 26		1) Bridges, gardens, acequias, detention ponds and other erosion control facilities, access and utility corridors are allowed within setback areas; trails and outdoor recreational uses are allowed but not buildings; and
27 28 29		2) Exceptions to these setbacks may be approved by the Code Administrator pursuant to standard engineering practice and alternative stormwater management practices.
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37		b. In order to protect the Little Tesuque and the Big Tesuque rivers from siltation and contaminants from accessory uses, drainage from all land uses which may discharge runoff containing high nitrogen content or other contaminants, such as stables or kennels, shall be retained in ponds set back a minimum of twenty-five feet (25') from the natural edge of the river or the FEMA designated 100 year flood plain whichever is closer. Retention ponds shall be cleaned regularly to maintain their planned capacity and are encouraged to be incorporated into landscaping for the site.
38 39 40		c. Applications for development within twenty-five feet (25') of an acequia shall be reviewed by the affected acequia association before any Development Permits are issued.
41	3.8.2	Architectural and Appearance Standards
42		a. <u>No Build and Buildable Areas</u>

Except as set forth in this Tesuque Community Zoning District Ordinance, No Build and Buildable Areas shall be determined according to the standards of Article III and Article VII, Section 3.4 of the Code.

b. Definitions

1) Ridgetop - the uppermost elevations, between the shoulder and crest, of any hill or ridge with a slope of twenty percent (20%) or greater. For purposes of these regulations, a ridgetop means the area measured horizontally from the shoulder across the crest to the parallel shoulder. A ridge formation which does not contain a development site of at least twelve hundred (1200) square feet will not be classed as part of the Buildable Area for purposes of construction of a primary residential structure. See also "Shoulder" defined below. Where a ridgetop measures more than three hundred feet (300') from shoulder to shoulder (a mesa), the ridgetop standards and requirements for architecture and buffers shall apply within one hundred fifty feet (150') of the shoulder of the ridge.

2) Shoulder - the line where the profile of the upper slope of an elevation (hill, ridge, mountain, escarpment, etc.) changes from 20% or greater slope to less than 20% slope.



c. These standards apply to all new buildings and additions to existing structures which are located on development sites where any portion of land has a natural slope prior to development of fifteen percent (15%) or greater and on ridgetops. They are designed to assure that buildings, roads, driveways, utilities, and other development blend into the natural landscape and conform to the existing natural topography, vegetation, and soils characteristics of Tesuque. The natural form, color, slope, and texture of the hills or mountains should be the dominant feature, not the built environment.

1) Exterior walls, facades and roofs shall be darker shades of the natural earth tones (dark tan, brown, or dark mauve) of the soils on the building site and shall blend with predominant year round color of the natural foliage of the native trees or other vegetation.

2) Roof colors and all wall and facade colors visible from adjacent properties or from US 84/285, CR 73 and CR 73A shall be muted and of non-reflective or non-glossy materials with a Light Reflective Value (LRV) of less than forty (40) pursuant to manufacturers specifications. When such data is unavailable, compliance will be determined by a comparison of samples for which data is available.

1 2 3 4 5 6	3) For all new buildings and additions to existing structures which are located on development sites where any portion of land has a natural slope prior to development of fifteen percent (15%) or greater and on ridgetops, window and door glazing shall be limited to no more than thirty percent (30%) of a facade and shall be non-mirrored and the LRV shall be less than twenty (20), except:
7 8	i. glazing shall be limited to no more than fifty percent (50%) under portals eight feet (8') or deeper, or
9 10 11 12 13	ii. this subsection shall not apply to glazing on a south-facing facade where incorporated into a documented, design solar heating application equivalent to one for which the annual "Solar Saving Fraction (SSF)" exceeds sixty percent (60%). See for example "Passive Solar Design Handbook", Balcomb et al., DOE/Los Alamos National Laboratories, 1984.
14	d. Height on slopes and on Ridgetops
15 16 17	1) On ridgetops as defined in this Section, only one story buildings are allowed and the height of any structure shall not exceed fourteen feet (14'). Chimneys may extend three feet (3') beyond the height limitation.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	2) The height of any dwelling or residential accessory structure located on land which has a natural slope of fifteen percent (15%) or greater shall not exceed eighteen feet (18'). The vertical distance between the highest point of a building and the lowest point of a building at natural grade or finished cut grade, whichever is lower, shall not exceed thirty feet (30'). The Code Administrator may waive this requirement if the portion of the structure located on land over 15 % slope is incidental to the entire site.
25	e. Landscaping
26 27 28 29	1). Indigenous evergreen trees at least five feet (5') tall and approximating the original density and type existing on the site prior to disturbance shall be used for screening and buffering of structures and cuts and fills, where required, in order to maintain year round screening.
30 31 32 33	2). Cut slopes with a slope or retaining wall closer than six feet (6') from the edge of a road or driveway, where the planting area for trees is limited, may be screened with a trellis supporting planted vegetation or some other similar means which creates a natural screened effect.
34	3.8.3. Administrative approval
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	The Code Administrator may approve siting or design of a structure which minimally deviates from strict compliance with terrain management standards or architectural and appearance standards upon a finding that the proposed deviation results in a decrease of the visual or environmental impact of the development or reduces site grading. In making this finding, the Administrator shall consider existing topography, effects on native vegetation, soils and erosion potential, location of infrastructure, proposed site improvements and other proposed changes that would protect the public interest and further the intent of terrain management or architectural and appearance standards.
43 44 45	Examples of such instances include 1) stepped construction with greater overall height in order to diminish visual impact and/or the impact of excavation or erosion that might result from strict adherence to the standards and 2) construction of a building with

1 2	greater overall height on the non-visible side of a ridge in order to avoid building on the ridgetop or another more visible area of the lot.
3	3.9 <u>Signs</u>
4 5 6	a. Pole mounted signs are not allowed; wall and pedestal signs with a maximum size of six (6) square feet are allowed for non-residential uses. Home occupations are allowed one sign of one (1) square foot.
7 8	b. Internally lit signs are not allowed; external lights shall be shielded so that the light source is not visible.
9	3.10 <u>Scenic Corridor</u>
10	3.10.1 A Scenic Corridor adjacent to US 84/285 is designated as depicted on Map RT 5.
11 12 13 14	3.10.2 Development in the Scenic Corridor shall conform to the standards of the Santa Fe Metro Area Highway Corridor for the Scenic Corridor Area except where the requirements of this Section 3 are more restrictive. ( <i>Insert correct reference when a Highway Corridor ordinance in approved</i> ).
15 16 17 18	a. A noise impact setback of 300 feet is required. Applicants may perform on site noise analysis to determine a specific setback, which may be less than 300 feet, as long as buildings and building sites can be located outside of 65Leq dBA or weighted equivalent noise levels measured in decibels, projected for 2020.
19 20 21	b. Berms and landscaping may be used to mitigate noise levels; sound walls, i.e., a wall or walls erected at the edge of the property along the highway right-of-way in order to deflect noise, are not allowed.
22	3.11 Roads and Traffic
23	3.11.1 Bus and Truck Restrictions
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Bishop's Lodge Road (CR 73A) north of the Bishop's Lodge property is a historic roadway following closely the original wagon road in width and alignment. It is very narrow, with sharp curves and limited sight distance for cars entering from side roads and driveways. The section of the road between Shidoni on the north and Bishop's Lodge on the south is less than two standard lanes wide and without center line striping. Through traffic by commercial motor carrier vehicles (12,000 pounds or greater) is restricted from this section of CR 73A; local deliveries are allowed.
31	3.11.2 Traditional Village Road Standards
32	SECTION RESERVED FOR VILLAGE ROAD STANDARDS
33	3.12 Community Notice and Procedures
34	3.12.1 Submittals for Construction in Tesuque
35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	All development permit applications shall require a site specific slope analysis showing the existing topography of the Buildable Area and development site including building locations, utility corridors and sites, access corridors and landscaped areas. Slope analysis shall clearly indicate all areas with natural slopes between fifteen percent (15%) and twenty percent (20%), twenty percent (20%) to thirty percent (30%), and thirty percent (30%) or greater as calculated between every contour interval on the map. A slope analysis of the entire lot or parcel may be required by the Code Administrator in cases of local occurrences of steeper slopes, drainage, erosion or slope stability problems.

1 2 3	a. Applications for development sites of less than fifteen (15%) slope may use contour mapping available from Santa Fe County Geographic Information System.
4 5 6 7	b. Development sites containing land with natural slopes of fifteen percent (15%) or greater shall be mapped with contour line intervals of not more than five feet (5') signed and sealed by a registered land surveyor, professional engineer or other qualified professional.
8	3.12.2 Posting
9 10 11 12	Notice of development applications shall be posted prominently on all sides of the land, building, or other structure which is the subject of the application in such a way as to give reasonable notice to persons interested in the application. A laminated copy of the site plan showing existing and proposed development shall be firmly attached to the poster.
13	3.12.3 Community Pre-application Review of Non-Residential Zoning Applications
14 15 16	Applicants for any non-residential development shall hold a pre-application meeting in the community to present the development concept and gather public comments and concerns about the development.
17 18 19 20 21 22	a. The applicant shall publish notice of the time, place and purpose of the meeting in a newspaper of general circulation in the community and shall mail notice to Santa Fe County, neighborhood organizations on the County's agenda list, and to all property owners within one hundred (100) feet (excluding rights-of-way) of the subject property. The property shall be posted as set forth in Section 3.12.2 above.
23 24	b. The applicant shall record the meeting proceedings and submit a written record to the County along with the application for development.
25	Severability
26 27 28 29	If any part of this Ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the Ordinance and its application to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.
<ul><li>30</li><li>31</li><li>32</li></ul>	<b>PASSED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED</b> this day of, 2000, by the Santa Fe County Board of County Commissioners.
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37	Paul Duran, Chairman
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40	ATTEST:
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•	REBECCA BUSTAMANTE
	COUNTY CLERK
	APPROVED AS TO LEGAL FORM AND SUFFICIENCY:
	COUNTY ATTORNEY
	<b>CERTIFICATE OF FILING</b>
	I, Rebecca Bustamante, County Clerk, do hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance, designated as Ordinance, No. 2000, was filed in my office on the day of, 2001, in book Number at Page
	SANTA FE COUNTY CLERK
	REBECCA BUSTAMANTE